Shells, Environment, Scripting, and Bash

(in 80 minutes[!])

Q: How does a program start?

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The jobs of a shell

- Spawn (launch) new programs
- Handle input and output to programs
- Kill and clean up old programs

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What shells have you used?

Let's poke around how the [Desktop] shell works

```
$ cp /usr/share/applications/firefox.desktop ~/Desktop/
$ chmod +x ~/Desktop/firefox.desktop
```

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What makes firefox.desktop work?

Let's poke around how the [Desktop] shell works

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$ cp /usr/share/applications/firefox.desktop ~/Desktop/
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```

What makes firefox.desktop work?

How does the [desktop] shell:

- Spawn (launch) new programs
- Handle input and output to programs
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Let's poke around how the [bash] shell works

```
$ firefox
<Ctrl-C>
$ firefox &
$ jobs
$ fg
<Ctrl-Z>
$ bg
$ echo "hello" > test
$ cat test
$ true && echo "hello"
$ false && echo "nope" || echo "whaaaat?"
```

Let's poke around how the [bash] shell works

```
$ firefox
<Ctrl-C>
$ firefox &
$ jobs
$ fg
<Ctrl-Z>
$ bg
$ echo "hello" > test
$ cat test
$ true && echo "hello"
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How does the [bash] shell:

- Spawn (launch) new programs
- Handle input and output to programs
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Where's firefox anyway?

```
$ firefox  # This works
$ gcc hello.c -o hello # This works
$ hello  # This doesn't
$ ./hello  # This works
```

Your environment affects program behavior

• Even shells! (they're a program too)

Changing the environment will change program behavior

• In this case, how a shell performs the search for programs

• Also saw a brief example of environment variables in last week's homework

Your programs can use the environment too

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char *argv[], char *envp[]) {
   cout << "argc: " << argc << endl;
   cout << "envp[0]: " << envp[0] << endl;
   // while (*envp++) { // Try this one, too!
   // cout << *envp << endl;
   // }
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
$ ./a.out
$ HELLO=world ./a.out
$ lower=fine many=okaytoo ./a.out
$ export IamPermanent=ish
$ ./a.out
$ # Try uncommenting the while loop, did you find the missing ones?
$ ./a.out | less # This may explain some of the funny colors
```

Now what about scripting?

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Surprise! You've been scripting this whole time!

• Typing commands into the bash shell and running a bash script are *the* same

```
$ cat test.sh
echo "hello" > test
cat test
true && echo "hello"
false && echo "nope" || echo "whaaaat?"
$ chmod +x test.sh # What is this doing?
$ ./test.sh
```

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• Typing commands into the bash shell and running a bash script are *the* same

```
$ cat test.sh
echo "hello" > test
cat test
true && echo "hello"
false && echo "nope" || echo "whaaaat?"
$ chmod +x test.sh # What is this doing?
$ ./test.sh
```

- How to write a bash script?
 - Try things out in the terminal
 - Copy things that work into a file (\$ history)
 - Run that file
 - Repeat

Bash is old...

But useful, especially for really short things But has ugly and finicky syntax

```
VARIABLE=test != VARIABLE = test :(
```

But running programs is really easy

- (it's what it was built for after all)
- g++ -03 -m32 thread.o libinterrupt.a test1.cpp -ldl -o test1
- ./test1

But doing much more is tricky

- Validate program output (diff?), what if it varies?
- Rule of thumb: More than 50-100 lines, more than a shell script

Closing remarks

- Try one of the Advanced Exercises
- We're at the end of Segment 1
- Reminder: You must submit to staff at OH