Unix II
Big News (1 of 3)

- New edition addition guy... Marcus, Jr.
- Big & Fast
Big News (2 of 3)

- C4CS Course Creator
- Towner Prize (Outstanding GSI) Winner
- Mr. Chez Betty
- All around Great Person
Big News (3 of 3)

- Git II Lecturer: IA Matt Terwilliger
- Personal redemption
- #SEEYOUINCLASS
Administrative
Regex/Regexp

What is it?

- 99 Problems
- All the "Big" tools use it
- Try out
  - www.regular-expressions.info
  - www.regexr.com
- Endless amusement during live demos
Regex/Regexp

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The Basics

- Special Characters ^$.|?*()+[]{}
- Character classes [chars]
- Shorthand classes \char and [:class:]
- Anchors
- Alternation
- Repetition
- Greedy & Lazy
- Grouping
- Backreferencing
Working on data by line

Get it out there

- cat
- echo
- head
- tail

Big Tools

- grep (g/re/p)
- sed
- awk
Other Tools

- cut
- tee
- tr
- sort
- uniq
- diff
- comm
3 Ways to get/use input/output

1. Use pipes (|) to connect multiple commands
2. Use redirection to read/write files
3. Use a subshell $() to assign to variables
File Redirection

File descriptors, name and number

- 0: Standard Input (stdin, cin)
- 1: Standard Output (stdout, cout)
- 2: Standard Error (stderr, cerr)

Operators

- `<` send file as input
- `>` send output to file (create/overwrite)
- `>>` append output to file (create/preserve)
- `&` merge output
- `<&` merge input
- `<< "Here Document"`
Scripts

- Just Do It!
  - `history`
- Shebang, Hashbang, #!
- Get that money...
  - `$0` current script
  - `$n` script args 1, 2, 3...
  - `$#` number of args
  - `*$` and `@$` quoted args
  - ` $?` the previous return value

- Variables and Arrays
- Math... `$$((EXPRESSION))``
- Spacing
  - Critical
  - Maddening
Control

- Functions

```bash
# Define
function_name() {
    statements
}

# Invoke
function_name

# Delete
unset .f function_name
```

- Loops
  - while (while, do, done)
  - for
  - until
  - select
  - break/continue

- Conditionals
  - if (if, then, elif, then, else, fi)